

Deceuninck Rovex Profiles

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Date of Issue: 05/24/2019

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Deceuninck Rovex Profiles

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: No use is specified.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Deceuninck North America

351 North Garver Rd.

Monroe, Ohio 45050

1-800-432-9560

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-432-9560

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

No labeling applicable

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure to fine dust may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Glass, oxide, chemicals*	Glass, oxide / Glass / Sodium calcium polyphosphate / Glass powder / Calcium sodium polyphosphate / Sodium calcium polyphosphate silicate / Sodium zinc potassium polyphosphate / Glass flake / Calcium aluminum borosilicate / Glass dust / GLASS / Fiberglass	(CAS-No.) 65997-17-3	60 - 80	Not classified
Polyurethane	Not applicable	(CAS-No.) 9009-54-5	20 - 40	Comb. Dust

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

* Continuous filament, non respirable

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists. In the event of dust exposure: Encourage exposed person to cough, spit out, and blow nose to remove dust.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 5 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

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4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. Dust particles generated during processing may cause irritation of the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: If dust is generated: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. May cause mechanical eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known. Continuous carbon fiber filaments are not inhalable, and pose no inhalation hazards when used properly and in foreseeable emergencies. If extremely processed and respirable dust is generated, the glass oxide present in the product may cause cancer when inhaled. There are no known health effects from the long term use or contact with non-respirable continuous filament fibers, which the type of fiberglass that is used. Non-respirable fibers cannot reach the deep lung because they have a diameter of greater than 3.5 micrometers. Fibers of this diameter cannot penetrate the narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory tract to reach the lower regions of the lung, and thus have no possibility of causing serious pulmonary damage. They deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose, or pharynx. These fibers are then cleared through normal physiological mechanisms. Glass Oxide is known by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) via inhalation of respirable dust/fibers. Continuous Filament Fiber Glass is classified as an IARC group 3, not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Under normal conditions of use, this product is not expected to produce respirable fiberglass/glass oxide fibers, and is therefore not classified as a carcinogen. If product is altered and dust is formed, proper precautions should be taken to ensure material is not respired.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Contains substances that are combustible dusts. If the product is processed and dusts are generated and become dispersed with an ignition source, this may cause a combustible dust explosion. Keep dust levels to a minimum and follow applicable regulations.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid generating dust.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. For particulates and dust: Vacuum clean-up is preferred. If sweeping is required use a dust suppressant. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

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6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Continuous carbon fiber filaments are not inhalable, and pose no inhalation hazards when used properly and in foreseeable emergencies. If extremely processed and respirable dust is generated, the glass oxide present in the product may cause cancer when inhaled. Glass Oxide is known by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) via inhalation of respirable dust/fibers. Continuous Filament Fiber Glass is classified as an IARC group 3, not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Under normal conditions of use, this product is not expected to produce respirable fiberglass/glass oxide fibers, and is therefore not classified as a carcinogen. If product is altered and dust is formed, proper precautions should be taken to ensure material is not respired.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Organic solvents.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Glass, oxide, chemicals (65997-17-3)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3 fibers/cm ³ (fibers ≤3.5 µm in diameter & ≥10µm in length), TWA 5mg/m ³ (total)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ total dust, 5 mg/m ³ , respirable fraction 8 hr

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Suitable eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Maintain sufficient mechanical or natural ventilation to assure fiber concentrations remain below PEL/TLV. Use local exhaust if necessary. Power equipment should be equipped with properly designed dust collection devices. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection

: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

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Appearance	: Energy green color
Odor	: Characteristic
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: No data available
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Solubility	: Water: Insoluble
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. **Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. **Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. **Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- 10.5. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Organic solvents.
- 10.6. **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified (There are no known health effects from the long-term use or contact with non-respirable continuous filament fibers, which the type of fiberglass that is used. Non-respirable fibers cannot reach the deep lung because they have a diameter of greater than 3.5 micrometers. Fibers of this diameter cannot penetrate the narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory tract to reach the lower regions of the lung, and thus have no possibility of causing serious pulmonary damage. They deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose, or pharynx. These fibers are then cleared through normal physiological mechanisms.)

Glass, oxide, chemicals (65997-17-3)	
IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
Polyurethane (9009-54-5)	
IARC group	3

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: If dust is generated: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. May cause mechanical eye irritation.

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Chronic Symptoms: None known. Continuous carbon fiber filaments are not inhalable, and pose no inhalation hazards when used properly and in foreseeable emergencies. If extremely processed and respirable dust is generated, the glass oxide present in the product may cause cancer when inhaled. There are no known health effects from the long-term use or contact with non-respirable continuous filament fibers, which the type of fiberglass that is used. Non-respirable fibers cannot reach the deep lung because they have a diameter of greater than 3.5 micrometers. Fibers of this diameter cannot penetrate the narrow, bending passages of the human respiratory tract to reach the lower regions of the lung, and thus have no possibility of causing serious pulmonary damage. They deposit on the surfaces of the upper respiratory tract, nose, or pharynx. These fibers are then cleared through normal physiological mechanisms. Glass Oxide is known by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) via inhalation of respirable dust/fibers. Continuous Filament Fiber Glass is classified as an IARC group 3, not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Under normal conditions of use, this product is not expected to produce respirable fiberglass/glass oxide fibers, and is therefore not classified as a carcinogen. If product is altered and dust is formed, proper precautions should be taken to ensure material is not respired.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Not classified.

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Deceuninck Rovex Profiles	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Deceuninck Rovex Profiles	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Deceuninck Rovex Profiles	
Ecology - Soil	Not established.

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Glass, oxide, chemicals (65997-17-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2. US State Regulations Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists, or its chemical components are not required to be disclosed.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 05/24/2019

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)